$4 \text{ M SRAM} (256\text{-kword} \times 16\text{-bit})$ 

# **HITACHI**

ADE-203-933C (Z) Rev. 2.0 Oct. 14, 1999

#### **Description**

The Hitachi HM62V16256B Series is 4-Mbit static RAM organized 262,144-word × 16-bit. HM62V16256B Series has realized higher density, higher performance and low power consumption by employing Hi-CMOS process technology. It offers low power standby power dissipation; therefore, it is suitable for battery backup systems. It is packaged in standard 44-pin plastic TSOPII.

#### **Features**

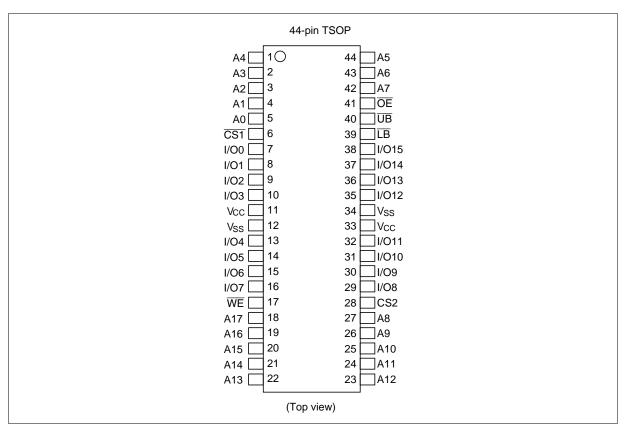
- Single 3.0 V supply: 2.7 V to 3.6 VFast access time: 70 ns/85 ns (max)
- Power dissipation:
  - Active: 9 mW (typ)
  - Standby: 3 μW (typ)
- Completely static memory.
  - No clock or timing strobe required
- Equal access and cycle times
- Common data input and output.
  - Three state output
- Battery backup operation.
  - 2 chip selection for battery backup



## **Ordering Information**

Type No.	Access time	Package
HM62V16256BLTT-7 HM62V16256BLTT-8	70 ns 85 ns	400-mil 44-pin plastic TSOPII (normal-bend type) (TTP-44DB)
HM62V16256BLTT-7SL HM62V16256BLTT-8SL	70 ns 85 ns	_

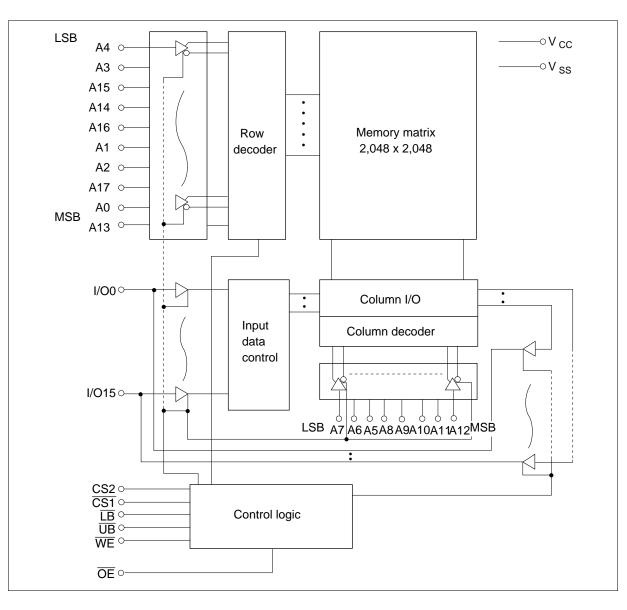
#### **Pin Arrangement**



### **Pin Description**

Pin name	Function
A0 to A17	Address input
I/O0 to I/O15	Data input/output
CS1	Chip select 1
CS2	Chip select 2
WE	Write enable
ŌĒ	Output enable
LB	Lower byte select
ŪB	Upper byte select
V <sub>cc</sub>	Power supply
V <sub>ss</sub>	Ground

#### **Block Diagram**



### **Operation Table**

CS1	CS2	WE	OE	UB	LB	I/O0 to I/O7	I/O8 to I/O15	Operation
Н	×	×	×	×	×	High-Z	High-Z	Standby
×	L	×	×	×	×	High-Z	High-Z	Standby
×	×	×	×	Н	Н	High-Z	High-Z	Standby
L	Н	Н	L	L	L	Dout	Dout	Read
L	Н	Н	L	Н	L	Dout	High-Z	Lower byte read
L	Н	Н	L	L	Н	High-Z	Dout	Upper byte read
L	Н	L	×	L	L	Din	Din	Write
L	Н	L	×	Н	L	Din	High-Z	Lower byte write
L	Н	L	×	L	Н	High-Z	Din	Upper byte write
L	Н	Н	Н	×	×	High-Z	High-Z	Output disable

Note: H:  $V_{IH}$ , L:  $V_{IL}$ ,  $\times$ :  $V_{IH}$  or  $V_{IL}$ 

#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Power supply voltage relative to V <sub>ss</sub>	V <sub>cc</sub>	-0.5 to + 4.6	V
Terminal voltage on any pin relative to V <sub>ss</sub>	V <sub>T</sub>	$-0.5^{*1}$ to $V_{CC} + 0.3^{*2}$	V
Power dissipation	P <sub>T</sub>	1.0	W
Storage temperature range	Tstg	-55 to +125	°C
Storage temperature range under bias	Tbias	-10 to +85	°C

Notes: 1.  $V_T$  min: -3.0 V for pulse half-width  $\leq 30$  ns.

2. Maximum voltage is +4.6 V.

#### **DC Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Supply voltage	V <sub>cc</sub>	2.7	3.0	3.6	V	
	V <sub>ss</sub>	0	0	0	V	
Input high voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	2.0	_	V <sub>cc</sub> + 0.3	V	
Input low voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	-0.3	_	0.6	V	1
Ambient temperature range	Та	0	_	70	°C	

Note: 1.  $V_{IL}$  min: -3.0 V for pulse half-width  $\leq 30$  ns.

#### **DC** Characteristics

Parameter		Symbol	Min	Typ*1	Max	Unit	Test conditions
Input leaka	age current	I <sub>LI</sub>	_	_	1	μΑ	$Vin = V_{SS}$ to $V_{CC}$
Output leakage current		I <sub>LO</sub>	_	_	1	μА	
Operating	current	I <sub>CC</sub>	_	_	20	mA	$\overline{\text{CS1}} = \text{V}_{\text{IL}}, \text{CS2} = \text{V}_{\text{IH}},$ Others = $\text{V}_{\text{IH}}/\text{V}_{\text{IL}}, \text{I}_{\text{I/O}} = 0 \text{ mA}$
Average operating current	HM62V16256B-7	I <sub>CC1</sub>	_	_	70	mA	Min. cycle, duty = 100%, $I_{I/O} = 0$ mA, $\overline{CS1} = V_{IL}$ , $CS2 = V_{IH}$ , Others = $V_{IH}/V_{IL}$
	HM62V16256B-8	I <sub>CC1</sub>	_	_	65	mA	
		I <sub>CC2</sub>	_	3	15	mA	$\begin{split} &\text{Cycle time} = 1~\mu\text{s, duty} = 100\%, \\ &I_{\text{I/O}} = 0~\text{mA}, \overline{\text{CS1}} \leq 0.2~\text{V}, \\ &\text{CS2} \geq \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.2~\text{V} \\ &\text{V}_{\text{IH}} \geq \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.2~\text{V}, \text{V}_{\text{IL}} \leq 0.2~\text{V} \end{split}$
Standby c	urrent	$I_{\text{SB}}$	_	_	0.3	mA	CS2 = V <sub>IL</sub>
Standby c	urrent	l *2 SB1	_	1	40	μΑ	0 V $\leq$ Vin (1) 0 V $\leq$ CS2 $\leq$ 0.2 V or (2) $\overline{\text{CS1}} \geq$ V <sub>CC</sub> $-$ 0.2 V, CS2 $\geq$ V <sub>CC</sub> $-$ 0.2 V
		I <sub>SB1</sub> *3	_	1	20	μΑ	<del>-</del>
Output high voltage		V <sub>OH</sub>	2.4	_		V	$I_{OH} = -1 \text{ mA}$
			V <sub>cc</sub> -	0.2—	_	V	$I_{OH} = -100 \mu A$
Output low	v voltage	$V_{\text{OL}}$	_	_	0.4	V	$I_{OL} = 2 \text{ mA}$
					0.2	V	$I_{OL} = 100 \mu A$

Notes: 1. Typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ ,  $Ta = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$  and not guaranteed.

- 2. This characteristic is guaranteed only for L-version.
- 3. This characteristic is guaranteed only for L-SL version.

### **Capacitance** (Ta = +25°C, f = 1.0 MHz)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test conditions	Note
Input capacitance	Cin	_	_	8	pF	Vin = 0 V	1
Input/output capacitance	C <sub>I/O</sub>	_	_	10	pF	V <sub>I/O</sub> = 0 V	1

Note: 1. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.

**AC Characteristics** (Ta = 0 to  $+70^{\circ}$ C,  $V_{CC} = 2.7$  V to 3.6 V, unless otherwise noted.)

#### **Test Conditions**

• Input pulse levels:  $V_{IL} = 0.4 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{IH} = 2.2 \text{ V}$ 

• Input rise and fall time: 5 ns

• Input timing reference levels: 1.4 V

• Output timing reference levels: 1.4 V

• Output load: 1 TTL + 30 pF (HM62V16256B-7) (Including scope and jig)

1 TTL + 100 pF (HM62V16256B-8) (Including scope and jig)

#### **Read Cycle**

	1111102					
	-7		-8		_	
Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
t <sub>RC</sub>	70	_	85	_	ns	
t <sub>AA</sub>	_	70	_	85	ns	
t <sub>ACS1</sub>	_	70	_	85	ns	
t <sub>ACS2</sub>	_	70	_	85	ns	
t <sub>OE</sub>	_	40	_	45	ns	
t <sub>OH</sub>	10	_	10	_	ns	
t <sub>BA</sub>	_	70	_	85	ns	
t <sub>CLZ1</sub>	10	_	10	_	ns	2, 3
t <sub>CLZ2</sub>	10	_	10	_	ns	2, 3
t <sub>BLZ</sub>	5	_	5	_	ns	2, 3
t <sub>OLZ</sub>	5	_	5	_	ns	2, 3
t <sub>CHZ1</sub>	0	25	0	25	ns	1, 2, 3
t <sub>CHZ2</sub>	0	25	0	25	ns	1, 2, 3
t <sub>BHZ</sub>	0	25	0	25	ns	1, 2, 3
t <sub>OHZ</sub>	0	25	0	25	ns	1, 2, 3
	$\begin{array}{c} t_{RC} \\ t_{AA} \\ t_{ACS1} \\ t_{ACS2} \\ t_{OE} \\ t_{OH} \\ t_{BA} \\ t_{CLZ1} \\ t_{CLZ2} \\ t_{BLZ} \\ t_{OLZ} \\ t_{CHZ1} \\ t_{CHZ1} \\ t_{CHZ1} \\ \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

HM62V16256B

#### Write Cycle

#### HM62V16256B

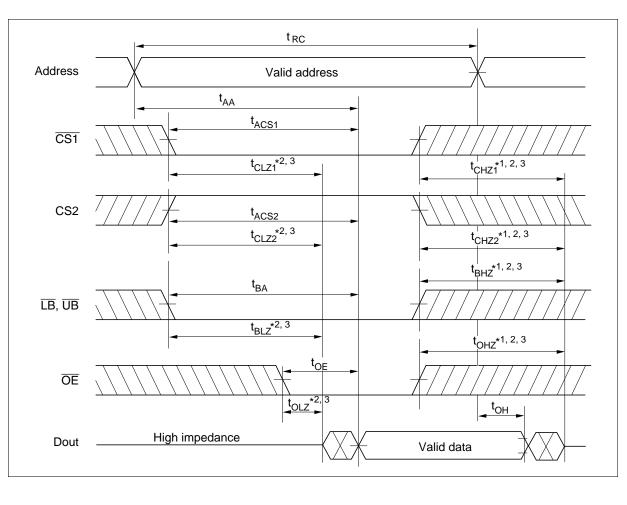
		-7		-8			
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Write cycle time	t <sub>wc</sub>	70	_	85	_	ns	
Address valid to end of write	t <sub>AW</sub>	60	_	70	_	ns	
Chip selection to end of write	t <sub>cw</sub>	60	_	70	_	ns	5
Write pulse width	t <sub>WP</sub>	50	_	55	_	ns	4
LB, UB valid to end of write	t <sub>BW</sub>	55	_	70	_	ns	
Address setup time	t <sub>AS</sub>	0	_	0	_	ns	6
Write recovery time	t <sub>wR</sub>	0	_	0	_	ns	7
Data to write time overlap	t <sub>DW</sub>	30	_	35	_	ns	
Data hold from write time	t <sub>DH</sub>	0	_	0	_	ns	
Output active from end of write	t <sub>ow</sub>	5	_	5	_	ns	2
Output disable to output in High-Z	t <sub>OHZ</sub>	0	25	0	25	ns	1, 2
Write to output in high-Z	t <sub>whz</sub>	0	25	0	25	ns	1, 2

Notes: 1.  $t_{CHZ}$ ,  $t_{OHZ}$ ,  $t_{WHZ}$  and  $t_{BHZ}$  are defined as the time at which the outputs achieve the open circuit conditions and are not referred to output voltage levels.

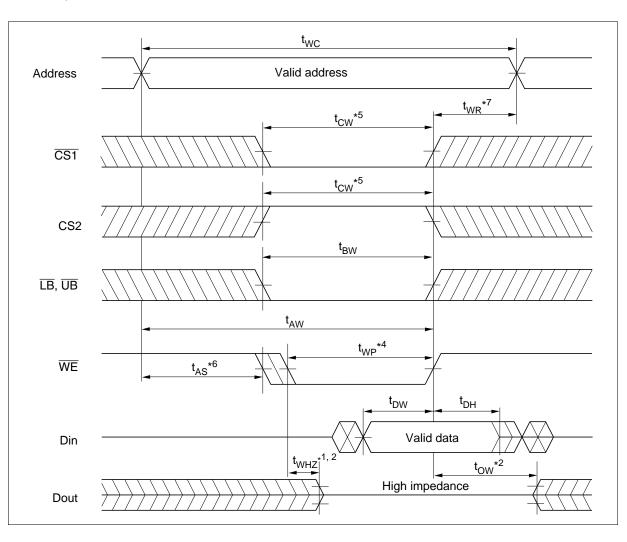
- 2. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.
- 3. At any given temperature and voltage condition, t<sub>HZ</sub> max is less than t<sub>LZ</sub> min both for a given device and from device to device.
- 4. A write occures during the overlap of a low  $\overline{CS1}$ , a high CS2, a low  $\overline{WE}$  and a low  $\overline{LB}$  or a low  $\overline{UB}$ . A write begins at the latest transition among  $\overline{CS1}$  going low, CS2 going high,  $\overline{WE}$  going low and  $\overline{LB}$  going low or  $\overline{UB}$  going low. A write ends at the earliest transition among  $\overline{CS1}$  going high, CS2 going low,  $\overline{WE}$  going high and  $\overline{LB}$  going high or  $\overline{UB}$  going high.  $t_{WP}$  is measured from the beginning of write to the end of write.
- 5.  $t_{cw}$  is measured from the later of  $\overline{CS1}$  going low or CS2 going high to the end of write.
- 6.  $t_{AS}$  is measured from the address valid to the beginning of write.
- 7.  $t_{WR}$  is measured from the earliest of  $\overline{CS1}$  or  $\overline{WE}$  going high or CS2 going low to the end of write cycle.

### **Timing Waveform**

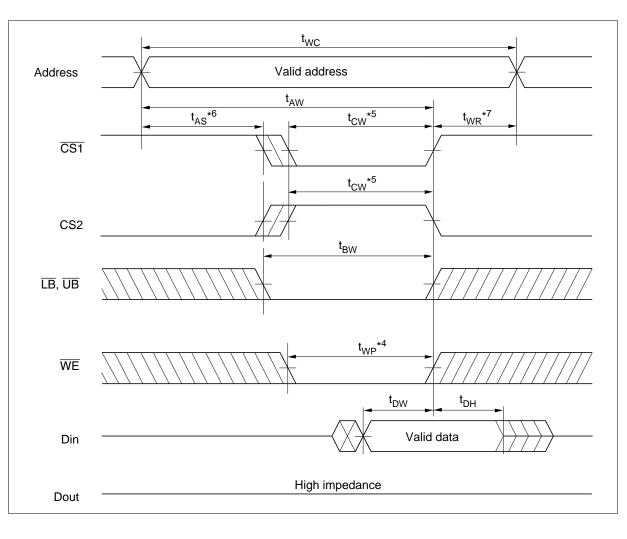
### **Read Cycle**



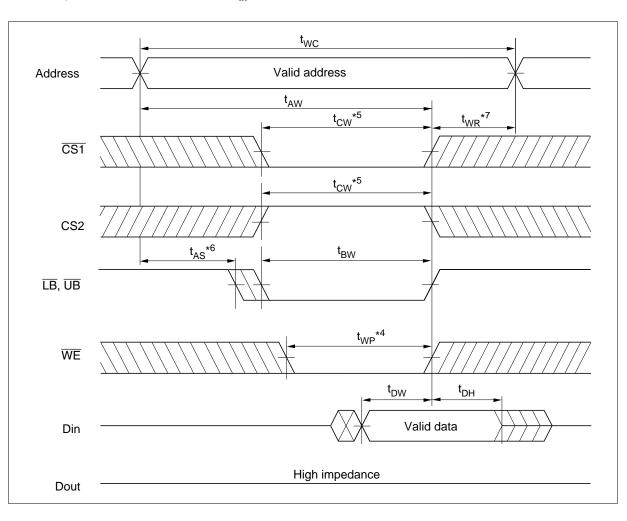
### Write Cycle (1) ( $\overline{\text{WE}}$ Clock)



Write Cycle (2) ( $\overline{\text{CS}}$  Clock,  $\overline{\text{OE}} = V_{\text{IH}}$ )



Write Cycle (3) ( $\overline{LB}$ ,  $\overline{UB}$  Clock,  $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$ )



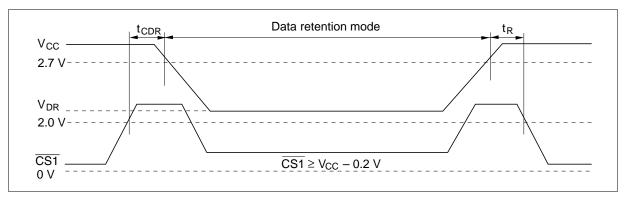
#### **Low V**<sub>CC</sub> **Data Retention Characteristics** (Ta = 0 to +70°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ* <sup>4</sup>	Max	Unit	Test conditions*3
V <sub>cc</sub> for data retention	$V_{DR}$	2.0	_	_	V	
Data retention current	I <sub>CCDR</sub> * <sup>1</sup>	_	0.8	20	μА	$\begin{array}{c} V_{\text{CC}} = 3.0 \text{ V, Vin} \ge 0\text{V} \\ \text{(1)} \ \ 0 \ \text{V} \le \text{CS2} \le 0.2 \ \text{V or} \\ \text{(2)} \ \ \underline{\text{CS2}} \ge V_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \ \text{V,} \\ \hline \underline{\text{CS1}} \ge V_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \ \text{V or} \\ \text{(3)} \ \ \overline{\text{LB}} = \overline{\text{UB}} \ge V_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \ \text{V} \\ \hline \underline{\text{CS2}} \ge V_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \ \text{V} \\ \hline \underline{\text{CS1}} \le 0.2 \ \text{V} \end{array}$
	I <sub>CCDR</sub> *2	_	0.8	10	μΑ	
Chip deselect to data retention time	t <sub>CDR</sub>	0	_	_	ns	See retention waveform
Operation recovery time	t <sub>R</sub>	t <sub>RC</sub> *5	_	_	ns	<del></del>

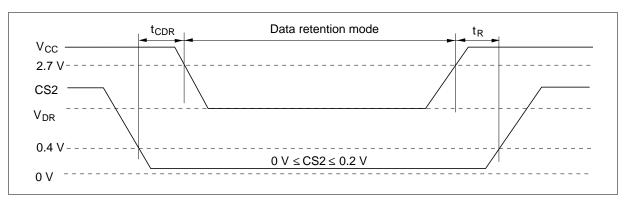
Notes: 1. This characteristic is guaranteed only for L-version, 10  $\mu$ A max. at Ta = 0 to +40°C.

- 2. This characteristic is guaranteed only for L-SL version, 5  $\mu$ A max. at Ta = 0 to +40°C.
- 3. CS2 controls address buffer, WE buffer, CS1 buffer, OE buffer, LB, UB buffer and Din buffer. If CS2 controls data retention mode, Vin levels (address, WE, OE, CS1, LB, UB, I/O) can be in the high impedance state. If CS1 controls data retention mode, CS2 must be CS2 ≥ V<sub>cc</sub> 0.2 V or 0 V ≤ CS2 ≤ 0.2 V. The other input levels (address, WE, OE, LB, UB, I/O) can be in the high impedance state.
- 4. Typical values are at  $V_{\text{CC}}$  = 3.0 V, Ta = +25 °C and not guaranteed.
- 5.  $t_{RC}$  = read cycle time.

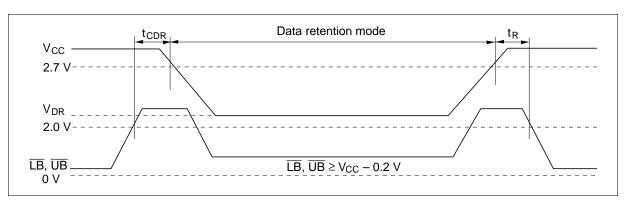
#### $\textbf{Low}~\textbf{V}_{CC}~\textbf{Data}~\textbf{Retention}~\textbf{Timing}~\textbf{Waveform}~\textbf{(1)}~(\overline{CS1}~\textbf{Controlled})$



#### Low $V_{\text{CC}}$ Data Retention Timing Waveform (2) (CS2 Controlled)

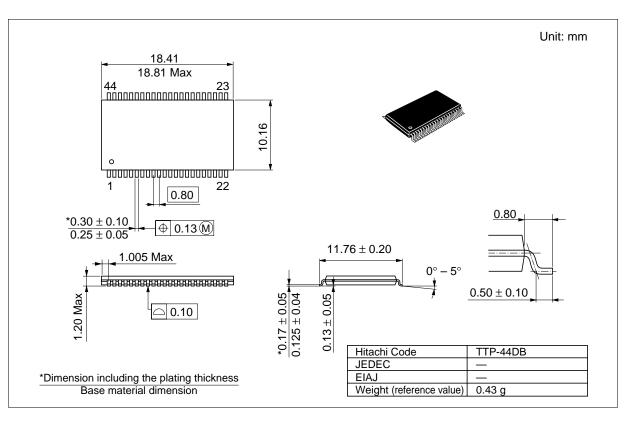


### Low $V_{CC}$ Data Retention Timing Waveform (3) ( $\overline{LB}$ , $\overline{UB}$ Controlled)



#### **Package Dimensions**

#### HM62V16256BLTT Series (TTP-44DB)



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### **Revision Record**

Rev.	Date	Contents of Modification	Drawn by	Approved by
0.0	Jun. 26, 1998	Initial issue	M.Higuchi	K. Imato
0.1	Nov. 25, 1998	Change of format Features Change of Power dissipation Active: 15 mW (typ) to TBD mW (typ) Standby: 1.5 $\mu$ W (typ) to TBD $\mu$ W (typ) Change of Pin Arrangement (CSP) Change of Block Diagram DC Characteristics $I_{CC2} \text{ typ: } -\text{mA to TBD mA}$ $I_{SB1} \text{ typ: } -\text{mA to TBD/TBD } \mu A$ $I_{SB1} \text{ max: } 20/2 \ \mu A \text{ to } 40/20 \ \mu A$ AC Characteristics $t_{BW} \text{ min: } 60/70 \text{ ns to } 55/70 \text{ ns}$ $t_{WP} \text{ min: } 55/70 \text{ ns to } 50/55 \text{ ns}$ Low $V_{CC}$ Data Retention Characteristics $I_{CCDR} \text{ typ: } 1/1 \ \mu A \text{ to } -\text{mA}$ $I_{CCDR} \text{ max: } 10/1 \ \mu A \text{ to } 20/10 \ \mu A$ Change of note1 and 2 Change of Timing Waveform(1),(2) and (3)	M.Higuchi	K. Imato
1.0	Mar. 8, 1999	Deletion of HM62V16256BLBT Series (TBT-48) Features: Change of Power dissipation Active: TBD mW (typ) to 9 mW (typ) Standby: TBD $\mu$ W (typ) to 3 $\mu$ W (typ) DC Characteristics $I_{CC2}$ typ: TBD mA to 3 mA $I_{SB1}$ typ: TBD/TBD $\mu$ A to 1/1 $\mu$ A AC Characteristics $I_{CE}$ max: 35/45 ns to 40/45 ns Low $V_{CC}$ Data Retention Characteristics $I_{CCDR}$ typ: —/— $\mu$ A to 0.8/0.8 $\mu$ A	M.Higuchi	K. Makuta
2.0	Oct. 14, 1999	Low V <sub>cc</sub> Data Retention Characteristics Change of Timing Waveform(1) and (3)		